

ALL AGREE NOW ON MOROCCO.

PROTOCOL IS SIGNED AT THE ALGERIANS CONFERENCE.

Ambassador White, who had a large share in bringing France and Germany together, has been told that the British cabinet has decided to support the protocol.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. ALGERIANS, April 7.—The delegates to the Moroccan conference signed the final protocol at noon today. The Moorish delegates declined to sign because they had received no final instructions from the Sultan.

The Duke of Almodovar, Spain's chief delegate and the president of the conference, gave a banquet to his colleagues this evening, and all will leave for Madrid tomorrow on a special train.

The delegates signed an engrossed copy of the protocol, which will be deposited among the State archives at Madrid. Each delegate will also receive a printed copy signed by the president of the conference, "Lyon, April 7." The closing of the Moroccan incident by the agreement of the Algerians, conference, tends to clear the field for the controversy between the two parties. In the new cabinet the controversy is still in a nebulous state, but events may arise which will give Sir Edward Grey one of the most important questions of foreign policy that he or any Foreign Minister could possibly handle. It is unnecessary to point out how or why in England's plans for a league of peace Germany is the constant difficulty. The isolation of that Power has been the means adopted to neutralize her possibilities for evil, but in the new cabinet and among its most influential members there are not lacking advocates of an understanding with Germany whereby the Kaiser and Chancellor von Bülow will be brought more heartily to support a world peace movement.

The idea of this party is to accommodate the imperial exigencies of Germany and some plans of concession to Germany's ambitions in the Near East. It argues that Germany will never trust England or sympathize with her great purposes, however philanthropic they may seem. If England appears always anxious to thwart Germany's schemes. This party would even consent to Germany having a sea base in the Mediterranean in exchange for an equivalent. Its opponents maintain that the only safe policy for Great Britain is to continue on the present lines, avoiding any injustice or aggression such as would put Germany in the right in case she should demand that England recede or fight.

What may be called the Philo-Germans had strong hopes for a while that Germany would so play her cards at Algiers that they would have provided a strong argument, but Chancellor von Bülow's conduct of affairs has gone so far as to lose him what friends he had and make any attempt approaching a pro-German policy immensely difficult.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The State Department was officially informed of the close of the Moroccan conference at Algiers by a cable which came this afternoon from Mr. White, head of the American mission at the conference. Mr. White and Mr. Gummere, the junior member of the American delegation, both signed the general act which comprises the agreement on all of the Moroccan questions. It is understood here that Mr. White immediately returned to the American Embassy in Rome and resume his duties as Ambassador there, and Mr. Gummere will go to his post at Tangier, although it is possible that Mr. Gummere will go to see the Sultan at Fez first.

Even now the officials of the Government will not say just what Mr. White did toward bringing about so satisfactory a conclusion, but it is certain that he, in conjunction with the State Department and President Roosevelt, did a great deal toward bringing Germany and France together.

KILLED BY A BOMB.

Governor of Tver Assassinated as He Is Driving.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. TVER, Russia, April 7.—M. Sleptoff, a member of the Council of State and Governor of Tver, was assassinated with a bomb as he was driving in the street today. His coachman was wounded. The bomb-thrower was arrested.

Sleptoff's body was dismembered, the legs alone remaining in the carriage. Women and two boys were slightly injured. The name of the assassin is Bogachov. He is 18 years of age and an inhabitant of Saratoff.

ZULU LEADER KILLED.

British Shell the Camp of the Rebellious Chief Bambata.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PIETERMARITZBURG, Natal, April 7.—Troops to-day placed guns in position surrounding Chief Bambata's force and shelled several kraals, killing Bambata's principal follower.

Safe Hungarian Cabinet Formed.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

VIENNA, April 7.—Dr. Wierker has completed a new Hungarian cabinet. Contrary to former combinations, all the Coalition leaders, Count Andrássy, Count Apponyi, Herr Polonyi and Francis Kosuth have accepted Cabinet seats. Write for the election will be issued on Monday, which is the last day of the legal term.

Germans Report Victory in Africa.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

BERLIN, April 7.—A despatch to the Lokal Anzeiger from Dares Salaam, German East Africa, states that Col. Hessel has routed the rebellious natives near Lorembio, the rebels losing 200 killed and hundreds being wounded.

Prince von Bülow Recovering.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

BERLIN, April 7.—The condition of Chancellor Prince von Bülow, who fainted during the session of the Reichstag on Thursday and has since been confined to his room under medical care, continues satisfactory.

British Trade Increase.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, April 7.—The Board of Trade reports that during last month the exports increased, as compared with those of March, 1905, over \$21,250,000. The exports increased \$17,500,000.

TASTE GOOD

for Lunch

Grape-Nuts

and

CREAM

Blumstein

WEST 125TH ST.

A Beautiful Display of Easter Needs.

This week we will place on exhibition an unusually elaborate collection of Easter Novelties in all Departments.

WOMEN'S DRESS HATS, in the newest shapes, trimmed with ribbons, flowers, quills, wings, in all colors; value \$6.98 to \$8.98, for \$4.98 and 6.98

WOMEN'S CHINA SILK WAISTS, prettily trimmed with Val. laces, also tailor-made effect, short or long sleeves, colors, white and black; value \$5.00, for \$3.50

WOMEN'S SILK WAISTS, ribbed underwears, crocheted yokes, colors pink, blue and white; value \$1.50 and \$2.00, for .98c and 1.49

WOMEN'S SWISS RIBBED UNDERWEAR, crocheted yokes, colors pink, blue and white; value 75c, for .49

WOMEN'S ALL SILK HOSE, in all colors, also black and white; value \$1.50, for .98

WOMEN'S LACE LISLE HOSE, hand embroidered; in all the leading shades of black and white; value 75c, for .49

6-INCH MOULINE TAFFETA RIBBON, in all colors including black and white; value 25c, yard .15

West 125th Street, 7th and 8th Avenues.

KEEPING COAL UNDER WATER.

Experiments by British Government Show That Exposure to Air Hurts It.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, April 7.—Important experiments are being carried on by the naval authorities at Portsmouth to ascertain the extent of the steaming properties of Welsh coal which has been improved by storage in the sea. Eighteen months ago iron crates, each containing two tons of coal, were sunk in a big basin in the dock yard. At the same time a similar quantity of coal was carefully stored in the open air at a cooling point and sheltered by tarpaulins. At intervals of six months two ton samples of each storage have been taken carefully and burned. The results have shown conclusively that by the submergence of coal its calorific value steadily increases, while by storage in the open air a decided decrease is shown. At naval coaling stations in the tropics the decrease in calorific value is very great, the heat of the sun extracting the light, volatile oils.

The Admiralty is satisfied with the physical and financial advantages of submarine storage and has now directed that experiments be made to ascertain its practicability on a large scale. The difficulty is that submerged coal must be dried before it is used or otherwise the superficial moisture would soon cause spontaneous combustion. Close confinement in the bunkers of warships is the only method of drying heretofore attempted. Spreading quantities of thousands of tons in the open air has not been feasible.

FILIPINOS ARE EXCITED.

They Believe Rumors That Islands Are to Be Sold to Japan.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

MANILA, April 7.—There is renewed fear among the Filipinos that the islands are to be sold to Japan, and the fear is widespread. Secretary Taft's denial of any such intention on the part of the United States has not proved effective. The native press is attacking the Americans, and is especially bitter against President Roosevelt for abandoning McKinley's policy. The Manila dailies publish numerous individual protests.

Apparently the provincial papers anticipate an immediate sale and assert that Gov. Wright, the new American Ambassador at Tokio, is going to Japan really to arrange the terms of sale.

The presence of numerous Japanese in the character of peddlers, who are said to be exploring various towns and making maps of the country, enrages the people of the provinces. Filipino officers have visited the United States ships here daily, questioning Rear-Admiral Train and his officers on the subject.

Cable despatches from London are published here which represent British opinion as in favor of the neutralization of the islands, under the protection of Japan, Great Britain and the United States.

SEEK FOR KING JOHN'S JEWELS.

St. John Hope and Others in Search of Ancient Treasure.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, April 7.—Excitement has been aroused in Lincolnshire by the projected attempt to recover the royal jewels and treasure lost by King John in the Wash when he fled across the marshes in 1216. Mr. St. John Hope, Assistant Secretary of the Society of Antiquarians, asks support for the scheme. He has made a study of the tides ever since the date when King John lost his baggage, and calculates that heavily laden wagons will be found at Sutton Bridge, where there is twenty-three feet of silt. The Wash having changed its course greatly since 1216.

Apart from its great actual value, the lost treasure would be greatly prized by antiquaries and numismatists.

ROBBED BY CHINESE PIRATES.

American Missionary Is Held Up by Robbers Near Canton.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

HONGKONG, April 7.—Three passenger boats were held up by Chinese pirates last Tuesday near Sanhing, in the Canton district, and looted. The Rev. Charles Hager, an American missionary, was one of the persons robbed. He has made a complaint to the American consul at Canton.

Russian Loan Plans.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, April 7.—M. Noetzelin, Count Witte's agent for the new Russian loan of \$400,000,000, which is expected to be issued in London, Paris, New York and St. Petersburg after Easter, returned from London today and reports that the English financiers received his proposals excellently and promised their support. M. Noetzelin met M. Poincaré, the Minister of Finance, this evening and discussed with him the new conditions of the loan, consequent upon Germany's resolution not to participate in it.

No Castle for Norway's King.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

CHRISTIANIA, Norway, April 7.—The Storting rejected today, by a vote of 65 to 49, the Government bill appropriating \$13,500 for the renovation of the Stiftsgård at Trondhjem to fit it for a royal residence.

The Stiftsgård is a large wooden building which is used as a residence by the royal family when in Trondhjem, the capital of Norway, on the occasion of a coronation.

King Alfonso Back in Spain.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

CADIZ, April 7.—King Alfonso, who sailed from Cadiz on March 24 on his visit to the Canary Islands, returned today. His next trip will be to the Isle of Wight, where he is expected to arrive on April 17.

LABORITES ARE IN CONTROL.

THEIR INFLUENCE GROWS IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Both Balfour and Chamberlain, Leaders of the Union-Conservative Party, Keep Out of Debate on Critical Questions—Present Party Lines to Change.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, April 7.—Reference was made last week to the weakness, puerility and blundering of the new Government. It may also be pointed out by impartial critics that the Opposition, even when due allowance is made for its numerical weakness, has failed to fill its part satisfactorily.

It is from the Conservative party that the most vigorous opposition to the socialistic proposals of the Labor party might naturally be expected, yet the only potent arguments against two such proposals came from a Radical member. Even when the Government consented to sink its own bill and adopt the Labor party's, which put trade unions in a position of freedom from responsibility enjoyed by no other individual or community in the kingdom, not excepting the King himself, the Conservative opposition was perfunctory and unimportant. Its one strong opposer was a Unionist who is a follower of neither Mr. Balfour nor Mr. Chamberlain.

Mr. Balfour has been absent from the House for a fortnight taking the rest cure. Mr. Chamberlain did not remain in London for the debate, and the criticism which came from the Opposition front bench, as has been the case throughout the session, was entirely devoted to exposing the weakness of the Government's conduct rather than to protesting against the principle embodied in the proposed measures, which in their very nature are so entirely opposed to Conservative ideas. Moreover, less than half of the small Conservative party took the trouble to take part in the division, while an appreciable number, with their eyes on the votes of the workingmen's constituents, voted for it.

In this the *Spectator* sees that "almost irreparable damage has been done to the forces of conservatism and moderation by Mr. Chamberlain and his abettor, Mr. Balfour," by their tariff reform policy. This, however, is a somewhat narrow view to take of the strange conditions which now obtain in the House of Commons.

In the attitude of both the Government and the Opposition may be seen the first results of the introduction in the House of the Labor party, which has behind it a vast preponderance of the workingmen's votes in the constituencies. The Liberals are told clearly that the Laborites' demands for certain things must be satisfied or they must abandon all hopes of securing any of these votes in the future, and the Liberal Government has hitherto bowed to this threat. The same fear inspires a large portion of the Conservative side. The eighty Irishmen from Ireland remain eighty in Parliament after Parliament. There is no fear of their numbers being increased; there are even hopes that they may be decreased by the Redistribution bill; but there is no limit to the possible increase of the Laborites, who have all the constituencies in the United Kingdom to campaign in.

To-day's conditions merely foreshadow the disintegration in the more or less distant future of the present parties. Individualistic Liberals cannot work with collectivist Laborites any more than Conservatives can.

RAID OF THE ZULUS.

Deposed Regent of Greytown Carries Off Another Chief.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

DURBAN, April 7.—When Chief Bambata, the deposed regent of the Greytown district, kidnapped his successor and uncle, Chief Magwababa, and went on the war-path last week, he also carried off a younger chief, who has made his escape. He says that Magwababa was alive on Thursday.

All four of the men of the Greytown field force who were killed on Wednesday, when Chief Bambata drove the British out of Impanza, belonged to the firing party which executed the twelve native murderers near Richmond on April 2.

OLIVE OIL FOR BEAUTY.

English Doctor's Prescription Starts New Fad in London.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, April 7.—According to the well known journal *Family Doctor*, fagged out society beauties may find salvation in olive oil. The *Family Doctor* relates how a reigning London beauty went to the King's physician during the season and said: "What shall I take for my complexion? I am a sight." The reply was: "Take olive oil, live on it, live in it, live with it, drink it, dress your food with it, lubricate yourself with it."

As a result of following this advice the young woman achieved a complexion of rosy blond, pink damask and *claire de Dijon* roses, and began to give beauty luncheons. These luncheons have since become very popular.

WALSH'S ENGINE AT HIS DOOR.

Dead Fire Captain's Widow Collapses—Children See Old Friends.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

There was a fire last evening at 324 East Twenty-third street, almost opposite 310, the home of Capt. John Walsh, who met his death a little over a week ago at a factory fire in Greenwich village.

The fire didn't amount to much, in fact, the damage was estimated by J. A. Johnson & Sons, electrotypers, in whose place it occurred, as only \$25. But there was as much excitement on the block as if the fatal fire had been duplicated on the East Side.

Walsh was captain of Engine Company No. 14, and this engine was called out by the fire. A water plug stands outside 310 East Twenty-third street, and the engine was quickly attached to this plug. Mrs. Walsh and her three children, all in the deepest mourning, looked out at the trouble. When they saw Engine 14 outside Mrs. Walsh collapsed, while the three children rushed down to greet the firemen they knew so well.

Long after the fire was out the neighbors were trying to console Mrs. Walsh.

No matter if the cook does leave,

The Telephone

is THE BEST SERVANT

man or woman ever had,

and can always be relied upon. Residence rates are low

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.,

15 Day Street.

Bonwit, Teller & Co.

Tailored Suits

Complete Assortment of the Very Newest Styles

TAILOR-MADE SUITS in Chiffon Panamas, Voiles and Mohairs, in all the prevailing colorings and also in new and dainty fabrics in Checks and Stripes,

25.00 28.50 35.00

(Ladies' and Misses' Sizes.)

JAUNTY ETON and PONY COAT SUITS, with Circular or Pleated Skirts, in White Serges, Flannels and Other Tropical Worsteds,

23.50 28.50 41.50

(Ladies' and Misses' Sizes.)

FANCY ETON SUITS of Chiffon Taffetas elaborately trimmed with Persian bands and Val. laces—circular, side pleated or accordeon pleated skirts. Colors—Reseda, Navy, Alice, Light Gray, Champagne, Rose and Black.

25.00 31.50 45.00

(Ladies' and Misses' Sizes.)

Lingerie and Silk Dresses

SPECIAL FOR MONDAY.

Princess Dresses of All-over embroidered Swiss Flouncings—Waist and demi-sleeves of many rows of ruffled Valenciennes. Value \$39.50. Special 22.50

SILK FOULARD ACCORDEON PLEATED DRESSES—Waists with square yoke of Irish Lace and Soutache Braid trimmings—new French Bodice Belt—Large or small dots on Cream, Blue or Black ground. Special 28.50

Coat Department

THE NEWEST DOMESTIC and IMPORTED STYLES in Pony Coats, Etons, Bridge Coats and Boleros in Broadcloths, Taffetas, Embroidered Linens and Laces,

15.00 19.50 25.00

SPECIALS FOR MONDAY.

Embroidered Taffeta Etons, lined with Peau de Cygne. Value \$19.50. Special 12.00

EVENING COATS of imported Broadcloth—new circular back model, handsomely trimmed with Braid and lined with superior Peau de Cygne—White, Champagne, Pastel Blues and Grays. Value \$35.00. Special 21.50

(Ladies' and Misses' Sizes.)

56-58 Twenty-Third Street, West

OVERDOSE OF CHLORAL.

Mr. Hazleton, Victim of Insomnia, Dies at the St. Margaret Apartment Hotel.

An overdose of chloral taken to overcome insomnia caused the death of Frederick H. Hazleton, a man of comfortable means, in an apartment on the third floor of the St. Margaret Hotel, 129 and 131 West Forty-seventh street, early yesterday morning. Mr. Hazleton lived in the hotel with his wife and married daughter, Mrs. Margaret Waterbury.

Mr. Hazleton inherited a fortune from his mother, who died two years ago. He was about the hotel as usual Friday afternoon and evening and exchanged pleasant remarks with the clerk and attendants. He seemed nervous, however, and complained of his inability to secure a proper amount of sleep. For several months he had been troubled with insomnia and had been taking chloral with whiskey before retiring every night.

He remained at home with his wife Friday evening and retired about 11 o'clock in a cheerful frame of mind. When his daughter returned from the theatre about midnight she heard her father snoring. Going to the door of his bedroom she became alarmed by something unusual in the sound of his breathing. She aroused her mother and the two hastened to Mr. Hazleton's bedside. After a vain effort to arouse Mr. Hazleton they called for assistance to the clerk of the hotel and a messenger was sent across the street to Dr. F. F. Longacre's office in the Hotel Stanley. Dr. Longacre found the man in a comatose condition and decided to summon two other physicians, Dr. H. S. Sauerbrey and Dr. C. A. Finley, both of whom have offices in the Hotel Stanley at 132 West Forty-seventh street. All three physicians worked over the patient, but they were unable to arouse him. He died without recovering consciousness at 1:48 A. M.

Coroner Harburger, after learning the facts of the case, issued a certificate of death from accidental poisoning. It is supposed that in some manner Mr. Hazleton unintentionally poured out more of the chloral than was his custom.

The dead man had lived in New York practically all his life. The family usually spent the winter at some apartment hotel in town and travelled during the summer or stopped at Alexandria Bay, where they had a cottage.

The funeral will take place from the hotel this afternoon.

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"77"

Dr. Humphreys' Seventy-Seven breaks up Grip and

COLDS

At Druggists, 25 cents or mailed.

Dr. Humphreys' Home, Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

SOLICITOR ARRESTED

Who Said the Thompson-Starrett Co. Had Authorized Him to Ask for Ads.

Robert P. Jones, who says he is a publisher, was arrested by Policeman John F. Baer of the East Fifty-first street station yesterday afternoon on the complaint of Thomas J. Brooks, a dealer in sand and gravel, with yards at 617 West Forty-ninth street.

Brooks says that Jones has been going around among the sub-contractors of the city stating that he was an authorized representative of the Thompson-Starrett Company to solicit advertisements from dealers in building materials and contractors, to be inserted in a book of plans or diagrams issued with the sanction of that company.

Brooks in his complaint said that on March 30 Jones came into his office and asked if he did not want to advertise in the book. He showed Brooks the book, in which were a lot of designs for contemplated buildings, and said that the Thompson-Starrett Company had authorized him to solicit advertisements for the publication, in which he showed the cards of a number of sub-contractors and dealers in builders' supplies. Brooks decided to go in and gave Jones a check for \$40.

Several days later Brooks happened to mention the matter to another contractor and had his suspicions aroused, so yesterday afternoon when Jones appeared at Brooks' office Brooks called a policeman.

A member of the Thompson-Starrett Company said last night that he had never heard of Brooks and added that the company was interested in no publication of any character. On the contrary, the company made a special point to lend no countenance to any advertising scheme.

The Acos Society and Its Concert.

The Acos Society gave a grand concert last season and many smaller affairs at the clubrooms of the society in the Broadway Theatre Building. At its grand concert, which will take place in Arion Hall, Brooklyn, on April 20, some of the best soloists will be heard.

August Fraenke, who will direct the final number, an excerpt from one of the operas, for voices and orchestra, and Joseph Alessio, who will direct the orchestral numbers, are trying their best to make this affair one long to be remembered. Mrs. Stella Rooke-Wheeler, soprano of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, Manhattan; Leopold Winkler, the pianist; William Ebban, cellist, and Carl Feinmann, basso, will be the soloists for the evening.

B. Altman & Co.

STORE REMAINS OPEN DAILY UNTIL SIX P. M.

DEPARTMENT FOR MADE-UP GOWNS. (SECOND FLOOR.)

A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF THE LATEST STYLES OF MADE-UP GOWNS ARE SHOWN FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

comprising Dresses for afternoon, reception and theatre wear, of hand-embroidered chiffon cloth, crepe de chine, and silk voile; also an assortment of Cheviot, Cloth, Tweed, White Serge and Mohair Suits.

WOMEN'S CLOAKS and EVENING WRAPS.

IN SELECTIONS OF THE MOST RECENTLY IMPORTED MODELS

Boleros, Paletots, and various modifications of the Empire model, made entirely of lace, or of silk and cloth, lace trimmed; demi-dress effects in Wraps of pongee or rajah silk, white, beige and pastel shades, suitable for Summer evening wear; and a wide range of styles and designs in Cloaks of taffeta or moire mouseline, tweed and fashionable cloth materials for motoring, travelling and general street wear. (Department on Second Floor.)

BOYS' CLOTHING.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SPRING AND SUMMER ATTIRE FOR DRESS, SCHOOL AND OUT-DOOR WEAR.

Norfolk and Double-breasted Suits, Sailor and Russian House effects in mixed fabrics, and the latest shades of grey; Top Coats and Reefers in appropriate styles, and complete assortments of Washable Suits of the finer and medium grades. Boys' Hats, Caps and Blouses.

FURNISHINGS FOR SUMMER HOMES.

A VARIED STOCK OF SUMMER DRAPERIES, SELECTED ESPECIALLY FOR USE IN SUBURBAN RESIDENCES, SEASIDE AND COUNTRY COTTAGES. ESTIMATES SUBMITTED.

Lace Sash, Vestibule and Drop Curtains; Curtains of Ruffled Muslin, White, Ecru and Colored Madras; Bed Coverlets of Ruffled Net and Muslin; and a large variety of Window Laces, Cretonnes, Chintz, Art Prints, and other light drapery materials.

Portieres, Table and Pillow Covers, Screens, and a complete selection of Woven Hammocks.

Window Shades made to order; also Furniture Slip Covers of cotton damask, linen and cretonne.

STORAGE. Rugs and Draperies received for Storage with the usual guarantee for safe-keeping.

IMPORTED ROBES OF LINEN and BATISTE.

(Unmade.)

Attention is invited to a sale of Hand-embroidered Batiste and Linen Robes, which will be held Beginning Monday, April 9th.

Hand-embroidered Robes of sheer batiste, imported to sell at from \$25.00 to \$45.00.

\$16.50, \$20.00, to \$28.00 each.

Robes of sheer linen, with Madeira hand-embroidery; regular price \$30.00 to